

Exotic Group Algebras:

* Brown - Quantum 2012-13

* Kaliszewski - Landstad 2013

* Miersma 2014

Let G be a LCG and $C_c(G) = \{f: G \rightarrow \mathbb{C} : \text{cpt support}\}$

$$f * g (t) = \int f(s)g(st) ds \quad f^*(t) = \overline{f(t^{-1})}$$

Let $\tilde{u}: G \rightarrow \mathcal{B}(X)$ be a group repn: $\tilde{u}(f) = \int f(s) d\tilde{u}_s \in \mathcal{B}(X)$

we have $f \mapsto \tilde{u}(f)$ is a repn of $C_c(G)$ and

$$\| \tilde{u}(f * f) \| = \| \tilde{u}(f) \tilde{u}(f) \| = \| \tilde{u}(f) \|^2$$

$$\| f \|_{C_c^*} := \sup \| \tilde{u}(f) \| \rightarrow \| f * f \|_{C_c^*} = \| \tilde{u}(f) \|^2, \quad C_c(G) := C_c(G)_{C_c^*} \xrightarrow{\| \cdot \|_{C_c^*}}$$

Fact: There is a one-to-one correspondence $u \rightarrow \tilde{u}$ between

- Unitary repn of G

- nondeg. repn of $C_c(G)$

$$\mathcal{D} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}(X) \quad \mathcal{M}(\mathcal{D}) = \{T \in \mathcal{B}(X) : T\mathcal{D} \subseteq \mathcal{D}\} \triangleleft \mathcal{B}(X)$$

maximal ideal having \mathcal{D}

$u: G \rightarrow \mathcal{U}(\mathcal{M}(\mathcal{D}))$ strongly cont. $\left\{ (s \mapsto u_s d \text{ or } d u_s) \text{ is cont.} \right\}$

$$u_G: G \rightarrow \mathcal{U}(\mathcal{M}(C_c(G))) \quad u_G(s)(f)(t) := f(st)$$

\downarrow
 $f \in C_c(G)$

\downarrow

Reduced Group C^* -alg; $\lambda: G \rightarrow \mathcal{K}(\ell^2(G))$ (Def. 1.1)

Then we have $\tilde{\lambda}: C_c(G) \rightarrow \mathcal{B}(\ell^2(G))$ $\|f\|_r = \|\tilde{\lambda}(f)\|$

$$C_r^*(G) := \overline{C_c(G)}^{\|\cdot\|_r} \cong \overline{\lambda(C_c(G))}^*$$

$\tilde{\lambda}: C_c(G) \rightarrow C_r^*(G)$ is an isomorphism $\Leftrightarrow G$ amenable

Enotic Group C^* -alg; G be a l.c.g. An enotic group C^* -alg

is a C^* -alg completion $C_r^*(G) := \overline{C_c(G)}^{\|\cdot\|_r}$ s.t. $\|u\|_r \leq \|u\| \leq \|u\|_c$

$$C_c(G) \rightarrow C_r^*(G) \rightarrow C_c^*(G)$$

Observation:

There are one-to-one correspondences between:

1) enotic group alg for G

2) Ideal $I \subseteq C_c(G)$ s.t. $I \subseteq \ker \tilde{\lambda}$

3) weak equivalence classes of unitary repr \mathcal{U} of G s.t. $\lambda \in \mathcal{U}$.

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{U} \text{ } A=C^*\text{-alg, } \pi, \rho \text{ repr } & \begin{array}{l} \text{Def} \\ \pi \sim \rho \iff \ker \pi \supseteq \ker \rho \end{array} \\ & \begin{array}{l} \text{Def} \\ \pi \sim \rho \iff \ker \pi = \ker \rho \end{array} \end{aligned}$$

$G = \text{non-amenable}$ $\mathcal{U} = \lambda \oplus 1_G$

$$C_u^*(G) = \overline{\lambda(C_c(G))}^*$$

Fourier-Stieltjes-Algebra $B(G)$:

$$\mu: G \rightarrow \mathbb{C} \quad \gamma_1, \gamma_2 \in \mathcal{X}, \quad \varphi_{\gamma_1, \gamma_2}: S \mapsto \langle \gamma_1, \gamma_2 \rangle \in \mathbb{C}(G)$$

$$S \mapsto \langle \gamma_1, \gamma_1 \rangle \langle \gamma_2, \gamma_2 \rangle = \langle \mu \otimes \nu, (\gamma_1 \otimes \gamma_1, \gamma_2 \otimes \gamma_2) \rangle$$

$$\text{we have } B(G) \cong \mathbb{C}(G)^* \quad \varphi: \mathbb{C}(G) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$$

$$\varphi(\mu) = \langle \mu(\gamma_1, \gamma_1) \rangle \text{ if } \varphi(\gamma_1) = \langle \gamma_1, \gamma_1 \rangle$$

Consider $B(G)$ with w^* -top.

Thm: (Eymard)

There are one-to-one correspondences between:

1. Ideals in $\mathbb{C}(G)^*$
2. Weak-closed Translation-invariant subspaces $E \subseteq \mathbb{C}(G)$
3. Weak-equivalence classes of unitary repr μ of G .

Pf/

$$(3) \rightarrow (2) \quad \mu: G \rightarrow B(G)$$